

An ABA-increased interaction of the PYL6 ABA receptor with MYC2 Transcription Factor: A putative link of ABA and JA signaling.

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Figure S1: Negative controls with the empty vector (BD).

Figure S2: *pyl6* mutant protein does not interact with MYC2 and interacts with ABI1 only in the presence of ABA.

Figure S3: No seed germination difference in *pyl6* mutant plants compared to control.

Figure S4: *pyl6* mutant plants show a reduced cotyledon emergence phenotype in the presence of 0.5 μ M ABA after 5days of growth.

Figure S5: MYC2 does not impaire PYL6-induced inhibition of ABI1 protein phosphatase activity.

Figure S6: Expression levels of JAZ6 and JAZ8 in Col-0 and *pyl6* mutants under control conditions and treated with 0.5 μ M ABA.

Table S1: Primers used.

Supplementary:

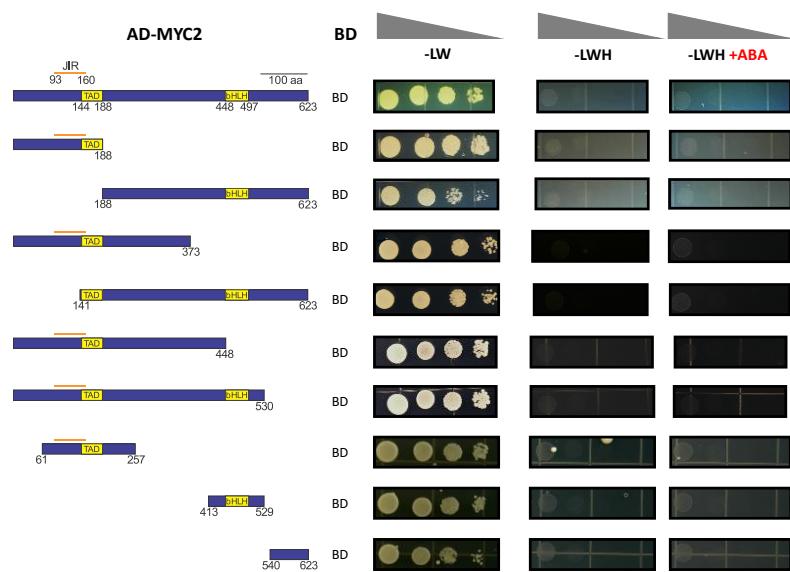


Figure S1: Negative controls with the empty vector (BD).

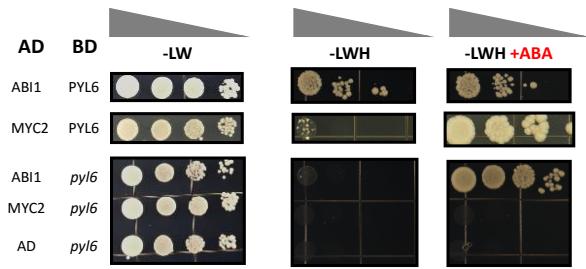


Figure S2: *pyl6* mutant protein does not interact with MYC2 and interacts with ABI1 only in the presence of ABA in yeast 2 hybrid assays. In the first row, WT PYL6 protein was analyzed with ABI1 as a positive control. The T-DNA insertion disrupts the last α -helix domain in which two non-polar residues have been reported to be important for the binding of ABA in the case of PYL9 (Nakagawa et al. 2014).

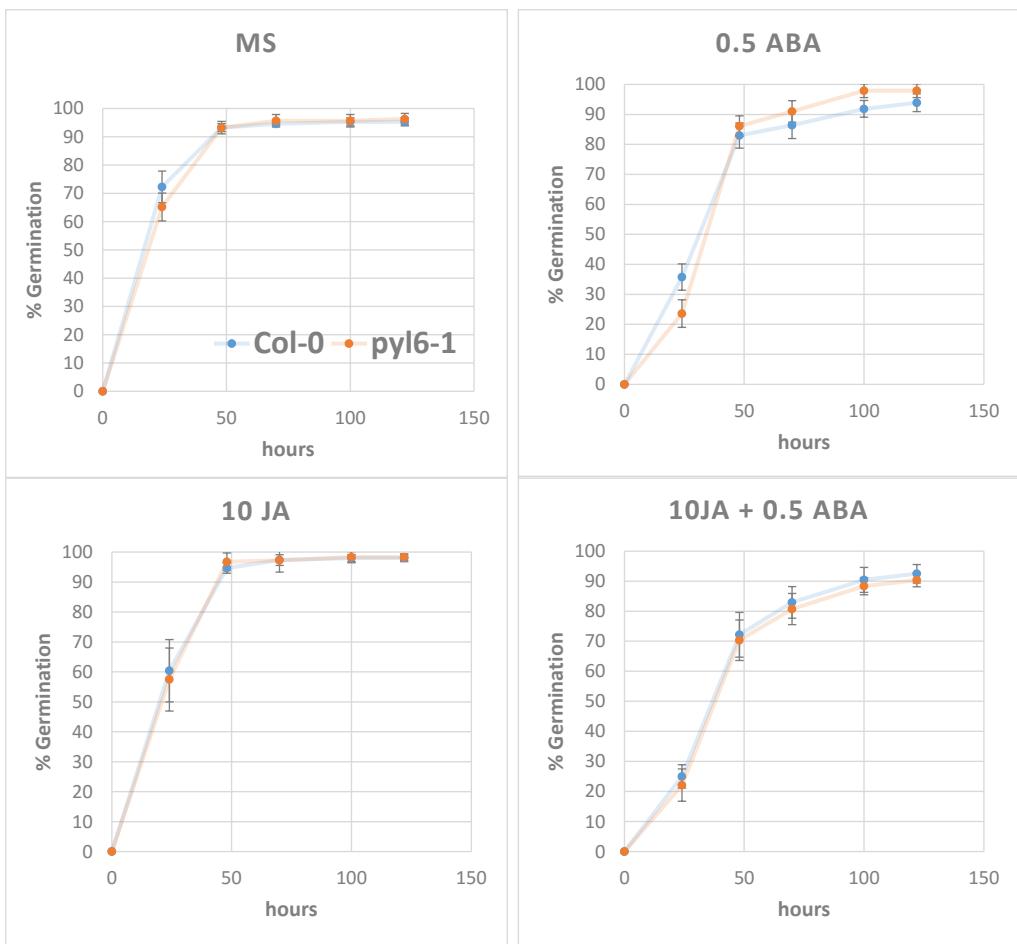


Figure S3: No seed germination difference in *pyl6* mutant plants compared to control. Col-0 (WT) and *pyl6* mutant seeds were sown on 1% sucrose MS media and MS supplemented with 0.5 μ M ABA, 10 μ M Me-JA, and 0.5 μ M ABA + 10 μ M Me-JA. No differences were found on the media with sucrose.

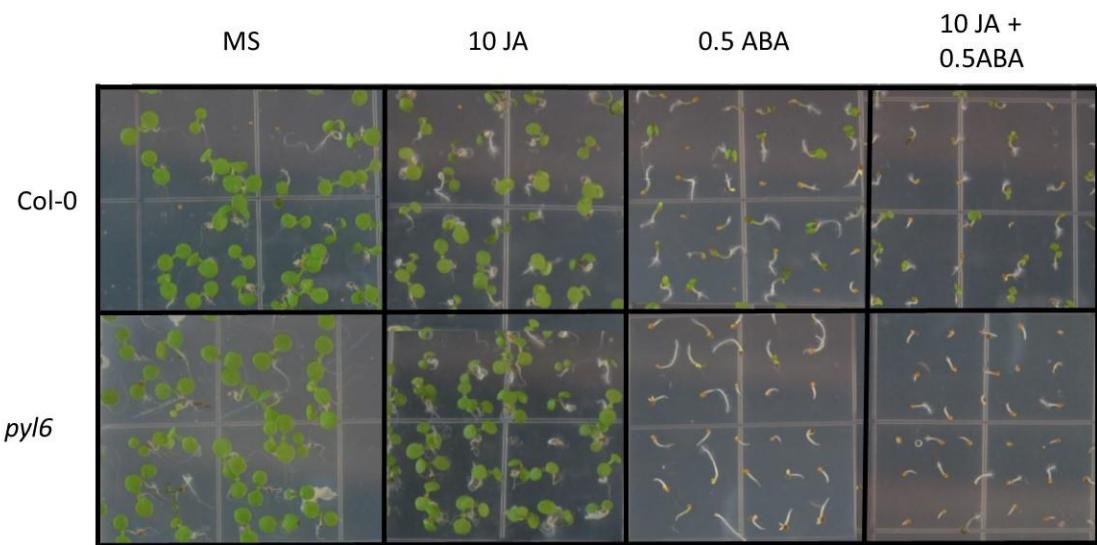


Figure S4: *pyl6* mutant plants show a reduced cotyledon emergence phenotype in the presence of 0.5 μ M ABA after 5days of growth. The presence of 10 μ M JA plus 0.5 μ M ABA further increased this phenotype.

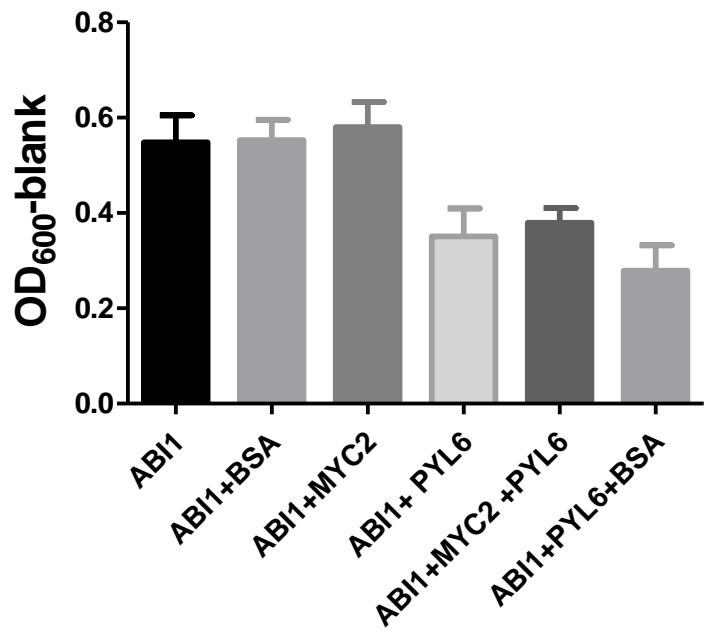


Figure S5: MYC2 does not impaire PYL6-induced inhibition of ABI1 protein phosphatase activity. The first 3 columns show ABI1 protein phosphatase activity alone, with BSA and with MYC2. The last 3 columns show ABI1 activity with PYL6, and with the addition of either MYC2 or BSA. 10 μ M ABA was added for all conditions.

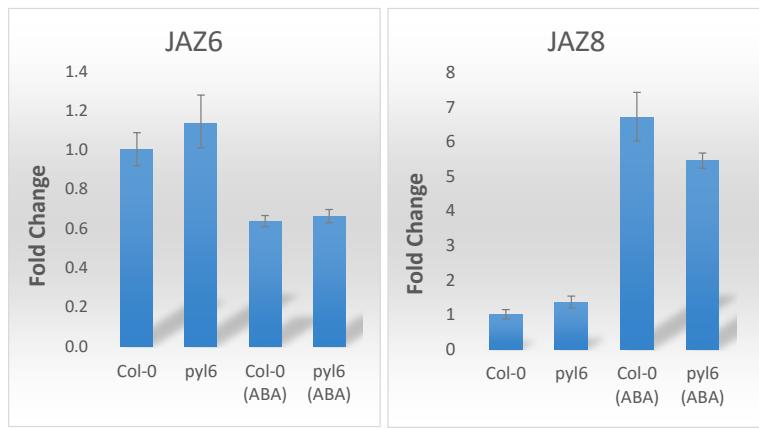


Figure S6: Expression level of JAZ6 and JAZ8 in Col-0 and *pyl6* mutants under control conditions and treated with 0.5 μ M ABA. Col-0 and *pyl6* mutants seeds were sown in $\frac{1}{2}$ MS control media or $\frac{1}{2}$ MS supplemented with 0.5 μ M ABA. qPCR experiments were performed with 11 day-old seedlings and the expression profile normalized to Col-0 in $\frac{1}{2}$ MS media using the $\Delta\Delta C_t$ method.

Sequences	AGI	Notes
GGCTTAAUatgccaacgtcgatacagttc	AT2G40330	PYL6-ATG user cloning
GGTTTAAUTTACGAGAATTAGAAGTGTTC	AT2G40330	PYL6-STOP user cloning
GGTTTAAUTCAATTGCCAGCGATTGCAAG	AT2G40330	PYL6 c-ter delet Y2H (without 11 last aa with STOP)
GGCTTAAUatgactgattaccggctacaac	AT1G32640	MYC2 user ATG
GGTTTAAUTTAACCGATTGGAAATCAA	AT1G32640	MYC2 user STOP
GGCTTAAUatgaggtaaccgggtcaactcc	AT5G05440	PYL5 user ATG
GGTTTAAUTTATTGCCGGTGGTACTCGAG	AT5G05440	PYL5 user STOP rev
GGCTTAAUatgaacggcacaacatcatcaac	AT5G46760	MYC3 user ATG
GGTTTAAUTCAATAGTTTCTCCGACTTCG	AT5G46760	MYC3 user STOP rev
GGTTTAAUccCGAGAATTAGAAGTGTCTC	AT2G40330	PYL6 Reverse cc W/out STOP codon user
GGTTTAAUtcTGCAACACGCTTACAGCTAAT	AT1G32640	MYC2 user 188 reverse
GGTTTAAUacgggtaacgcggttgggttcc	AT1G32640	MYC2 user 188 forward
GGCTTAAUGAGCTTAACCTGTTGATCTCC	AT1G32640	MYC2 from Glu141 user forward
GGTTTAAUtcAACCTCATGCCGAAAGTTAATA	AT1G32640	MYC2 from Gly373 user reverse +STOP
GGTTTAAUTTATTCTCTACCCTGGCTT	AT1G32640	MYC2 448aa reverse +STOP
GGTTTAAUTTAACTAGCAGCTGCTTCTCCG	AT1G32640	MYC2 530aa reverse +STOP
GGCTTAAUgcgggatttaatacaagagactc	AT1G32640	MYC2 Ala61 Fw user
GGTTTAAUTTATCCGCCCTCGAAATTGAAAAG	AT1G32640	MYC2 Gly257 Rv user (+STOP)
GGCTTAAUaccggggagaatcagatcac	AT1G32640	MYC2 Thr413 Fw user
GGTTTAAUTTAAGCACTCGCTTCTCCGGC	AT1G32640	MYC Ala529 Rv user (+STOP)
GGCTTAAUTCGATTAAACCGGTGGGGATGG	AT1G32640	MYC Ser540 Fw user
GGCTTAAUtgcatgaaataagggttgttaccg	AT1G72450	JAZ6 promoter fw
GGTTTAAUTCGGCTGCGATGGCTAACATAC	AT1G72450	JAZ6 promoter Rv
GGCTTAAUacaatccaaaaggaccaa	At1g30135	JAZ8 user promoter forward
GGTTTAAUGTATATGGATTGAGATTATGTTGAT	At1g30135	JAZ8 user promoter reverse
ACTTGGTAuGTATATGGATTGAGATTATGTTGAT	At1g30135	JAZ8 promoter F1 reverse
ATACCAAGuacaaatccaaaaggaccaa	At1g30135	JAZ8 promoter F2 forward
ATATATAuGTATATGGATTGAGATTATGTTGAT	At1g30135	JAZ8 promoter F2 reverse
ATATATAuacaatccaaaaggaccaa	At1g30135	JAZ8 promoter F3 forward
AGTGAGTACAuGTATATGGATTGAGATTATGTTGAT	At1g30135	JAZ8 reverse fragment A
attgtactcacUacaaatccaaaaggaccaa	At1g30135	JAZ8 forward fragment B
ttctcagtgccttcgcgtg	AT2G40330	PYL6 Forward for qPCR
ATCGACCAGACTGTGGAAACCG	AT2G40330	PYL6 Reverse for qPCR
ggtcggatcccaaacaagtc	At1g30135	JAZ8 Forward qPCR
CGTCGTGAATGGTACGGTGAAG	At1g30135	JAZ8 Reverse qPCR
tcccgatctaacgagccaacg	AT1G72450	JAZ6 Forward qPCR
ACCTGATGTGCTGCCAGTTTC	AT1G72450	JAZ6 Reverse qPCR

Supporting Table: Table S1: Primers used.

Nakagawa M, Kagiya M, Shibata N, Hirano Y, Hakoshima T (2014) Mechanism of high-affinity abscisic acid binding to PYL9/RCAR1. *Genes to Cells* 19 (5):386-404. doi:10.1111/gtc.12140